

## **Payless Plants - Te Awamutu**

Open Monday to Friday 9.00am - 5.00pm, Saturdays 9.00am - 3.00pm. Closed Sundays and public holidays. We may close earlier in very adverse weather.

641 Ohaupo Road, State Highway 3, Te Awamutu. | Phone 07 870 3222

With the products listed below, each product name has a hyperlink attached to it. Clicking on the product name will take you to the selected product on the website so you can view more information about it.

All quantities of products specified on the website are an indication of annual production, not of current stock on hand which can change rapidly. Availability of stock at any time is dependent on time of year, market demand, and success of production.

When viewing digital photos, colours are a guide only and may not be exact true to type. Colours are affected by light conditions, software, camera, and printer settings.

### **Lavander Arabian Nights**

Item Name

**Lavander Arabian Nights** 

Item #

Lav100

Distributor

**Payless Plants** 

Manufacturer

**Payless Plants** 

Unit of Supply

2.5 lit. HP

**Annual Production** 

300

Price

\$7.00



#### **Lavander Arabian Nights**

#### **Short Description**

Select form of English lavander. Darker blue flowers. Full sun well drained site. 80cm

Lavander Arabian Nights makes a good hedge at about 70-80cm, or use as spot planting.

English lavender is known as Lavander spica, or to use the older term, Lavander angustifolia. There are many named clones or cultivars of Lavander spica including Lavander spica Arabian Nights to use the full name.

#### **Cultivation Advice**

To keep Lavanders looking good, especially through the winter months, remove all flower heads and stalks and lightly prune to shape early to mid-autumn. This encourages the growth energy to form new foliage in the lead up to winter, rather than put the growth energy to try to form seed.

# **Lavander Arabian Nights**

Lavanders like most plants that have a silver, gray, or bluish foliage, prefers a growing environment that is full sun, well drained, and a little dry. Too much water (irrigation) can cause the roots of young plants to decay thereby wrecking the plant. Generally Lavanders thrive best on a little neglect.

Page 2 of 2 04-May-2024